## 8.-Copper Produced, by Provinces, with Total Values, 1939-48

Note.—Figures for the years 1886-1910, inclusive, will be found at p. 272 of the 1916-17 Year Book; for the years 1911-28 at p. 335 of the 1939 edition; and for 1929-38 at p. 331 of the 1946 edition.

Year	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	British Columbia	Totals	
						Quantity	Value
	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	\$
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	117,238,897 134,166,955 143,783,978 140,911,876 131,163,776	328, 429, 665 347, 931, 013 333, 829, 767 308, 282, 414 277, 840, 560	70,458,890 75,267,937 67,018,563 47,595,586 38,014,872	18, 133, 149 20, 484, 954 32, 324, 512 56, 781, 466 85, 948, 719	73,253,408 77,742,582 66,327,166 50,015,521 42,222,205	608, 825, 570 <sup>1</sup> 655, 593, 441 643, 316, 713 <sup>1</sup> 603, 661, 826 <sup>1</sup> 575, 190, 132	60,934,859 65,773,061 64,407,497 60,417,372 67,170,601
1944 1945 1946 1947	108, 055, 172 102, 685, 069 69, 797, 697 85, 121, 428 96, 697, 800 <sup>2</sup>	285,307,278 239,450,875 179,424,639 227,867,613 237,589,545 <sup>2</sup>	43,878,639 41,126,155 38,501,047 30,631,768 38,806,000 <sup>2</sup>	73,514,499 65,900,701 62,712,954 66,301,926 62,957,000 <sup>2</sup>	36,302,628 25,751,252 17,500,538 41,800,358 43,709,4112	547,070,118 <sup>1</sup> 474,914,052 367,936,875 451,723,093 479,759,756 <sup>2</sup>	65,257,172 59,322,261 46,632,093 91,541,888 107,111,669

Includes 1,269,179 lb. valued at \$128,086 produced in Nova Scotia and 42,382 lb. valued at \$4,277 produced in N.W.T. in 1939; 32,727 lb. valued at \$3,301 produced in N.W.T. in 1941; 74,963 lb. valued at \$7,561 in 1942, and 11,902 lb. valued at \$1,428 in 1944.

Gold.—Gold production increased in practically every mining area in 1948 and the total of 3,495,400 fine oz. was 14 p.c. above that of the previous year. The Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act, 1948, was of definite help to a number of marginal mines in their battle against inflated costs. The success of the industry's experiment in bringing displaced persons from Europe was of great assistance in easing the critical labour shortage. However, the industry is still operating far below its potential. The 1948 output was exceeded in each of the years from 1936 to 1943 inclusive, but it was 35 p.c. below the record of 5,345,000 fine oz. attained in 1941.

In Ontario, which accounts for almost 60 p.c. of total gold production, the output was 2,068,978 fine oz. or 6 p.c. more than in 1947. In Quebec the gain was 28 p.c. to 765,834 fine oz., in Manitoba 50 p.c. to 109,354 fine oz., in British Columbia 24 p.c. to 308,794 fine oz., and in the Northwest Territories 58 p.c. to 98,553 fine oz.

Recoveries of gold from base metal mines in 1948 amounted to 361,000 fine oz., an increase of more than 70 p.c. over the corresponding figure for 1947. Bullion from lode and placer mines increased only about 10 p.c. to 3,134,000 fine oz.

Gold is produced in Nova Scotia, at points across the Canadian Shield from Quebec to the Northwest Territories, and in the Cordilleran Region of British Except for comparatively small amounts obtained from Columbia and Yukon. alluvial workings in Yukon, British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Alberta, gold production is derived from lode mining either of auriferous quartz or of other metallic ores such as copper, nickel and zinc that carry varying amounts of gold. The principal producing districts are: western Quebec; the adjacent districts of Porcupine and Kirkland Lake in Ontario, with other smaller camps scattered across northern Ontario to the western boundary; the Rice Lake and Gods Lake areas in eastern Manitoba and the Flin Flon district on the Manitoba-Saskatchewan boundary; the Bridge River district and the Zeballos camp in British Columbia. Developments in the Yellowknife district in the Northwest Territories have resulted in several producing mines. In 1948 the three leading gold producers in Canada were the Hollinger Mine, the McIntyre in the Porcupine district and Kerr Addison mine in the Larder Lake area. About 85 p.c. of the total production came from auriferous quartz mines; about 12 p.c. from mines in which gold was associated with